

Name _____ Date _____

Literature Quiz: The Elements of Fiction

Multiple-Choice

- 1) The time and location in which a story takes place
 - a) Plot
 - b) setting
 - c) conflict
 - d) characterization

- 2) The underlying meaning or main idea of a story is called the _____.
 - a) theme
 - b) mood
 - c) plot
 - d) setting

- 3) Don't judge a book by its cover is an example of _____.
 - a) mood
 - b) theme
 - c) conflict
 - d) setting

- 4) The angle from which the story is told.
 - a) camera view
 - b) character view
 - c) point of view
 - d) none of the above

- 5) The central, main character of a story is called the _____.
 - a) antagonist
 - b) protagonist
 - c) antagonizer
 - d) instigator

- 6) The opposition of forces, essential to the plot is called _____.
 - a) setting
 - b) conflict
 - c) character
 - d) climax

- 7) What is a person or animal which takes part in the action of a story called?
 - a) setting
 - b) conflict
 - c) character
 - d) narrator

- 8) The most exciting part of the story is called the _____.
 - a) setting
 - b) exposition
 - c) climax
 - d) rising action

- 9) What is the sequence of events involving characters and a central conflict called?
 - a) setting
 - b) plot
 - c) character
 - d) conflict

- 10) The character who opposes the main character is called the _____.
 - a) protagonist
 - b) antagonist
 - c) dynamic character
 - d) static character

- 11) All events leading up to the climax?
 a) exposition
 b) resolution
 c) falling action
 d) rising action
- 12) All events after the climax and leading to the_____
 a) exposition
 b) resolution
 c) rising action
 d) falling action
- 13) What is the term called is for evoking complex ideas without having to resort to painstaking explanations.
 a) style
 b) theme
 c) symbolism
 d) mood
- 14) Comparison of two unlike things that use like or as is called_____
 a) foreshadowing
 b) simile
 c) metamorphor
 d) figurative language
- 15) Any language that goes beyond the literal meaning of words in order to furnish new effects or fresh insights into an idea or a subject.
 a) figurative language
 b) exposition
 c) symbolism
 d) foreshadowing
- 16) "A brave handsome brute fell with a creaking rending cry"--the author is giving a tree human qualities. This is an example of _____.
 a) alliteration
 b) hyperbole
 c) onomatopoeia
 d) personification

Matching

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|--------------------------------|---|
| 17) _____ characterization | a) the time, place, and social environment that frames the characters |
| 18) _____ donnee | b) premise |
| 19) _____ plot | c) the arrangement of events that make up a story |
| 20) _____ major character | d) the central idea or meaning of a story |
| 21) _____ setting | e) important figure at the center of the story's action or theme |
| 22) _____ antagonist | f) realism |
| 23) _____ irony | g) means by which writers present and reveal characters |
| 24) _____ protagonist | h) the "hero" of the story |
| 25) _____ genres of literature | i) the "bad guy" of the story |
| 26) _____ paraphrase | j) involves a contrast or discrepancy between one thing an another |
| 27) _____ verisimilitude | k) a concise summary |
| 28) _____ theme | l) prose, poetry, and drama |